Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA HCS 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200), Health Canada HPR (SOR/2015-17), and Mexico NOM-018-STPS-2015



SECTION 1: Identification

Product Identifier Code	Mighty VS7 Windshield Washer Solvent (MN109)
Issue date	09-Dec-2019
Relevant identified uses	Windshield Washer Fluid All others
Uses advised against 24 Hour Emergency Phone Number	
5 ,	CHEMTREC Mexico 01-800-681-9531
	CHEMTREC Global +1 703 527 3887
Manufacturer/Supplier	Phillips 66 Spectrum Corporation
	500 Industrial Park Drive
	Selmer, TN 38375-3276
	United States of America
SDS Information	URL: www.phillips66.com/SDS
	Phone: 800-762-0942
	Email: SDS@P66.com
Technical Information	1-800-264-6457 or +1-731-645-4972

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classified Hazards

H302 -- Acute Toxicity, Oral -- Category 4 H314 -- Skin corrosion/irritation -- Category 1 H318 -- Eye damage/irritation -- Category 1 H412 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 3 Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) PHNOC: None known

HHNOC: None known

Label elements

DANGER

- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray; P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling; P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product; P273 - Avoid release to the environment; P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection; P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician; P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing; P330 - Rinse mouth; P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting; P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician; P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing; P320 - Specific treatment is urgent (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label); P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse; P405 - Store locked up; P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CASRN	Concentration ¹
Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid	27176-87-0	10-20
Ammonium hydroxide	1336-21-6	1-10
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	<1

¹ All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eye Contact: Immediately move victim away from exposure and into fresh air. For direct contact, remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the affected eye(s) with clean water for at least 30 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Immediately flush affected area(s) with large amounts of water while removing contaminated shoes, clothing, and constrictive jewelry. If skin surface is damaged, apply a clean dressing and seek immediate medical attention. If skin surface is not damaged, cleanse the affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water or a waterless hand cleaner. If irritation or redness develops, seek immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation: If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen or artificial respiration should be administered by qualified personnel. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek emergency medical attention. If victim is drowsy or unconscious and vomiting, place on the left side with the head down and do not give anything by mouth. If victim is conscious and alert and ingestion occurred within the last hour, vomiting should be induced for ingestions of several swallows (2 ounces in an adult) preferably under direction from a physician or poison center. Do not leave victim unattended and observe closely for adequacy of breathing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: severe irritation and burns of the mouth, nose, throat, respiratory, and digestive tract.

Notes to Physician: This material is corrosive and may cause alkaline burns. Gastroesophageal perforation may occur. Late complications of alkaline ingestion may produce esophageal, gastric, or pyloric strictures and stenosis.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

NFPA 704: National Fire Protection Association

Health 3 Flammabilit

Flammability: 1 Instability: 0



0 = minimal hazard

- 1 = slight hazard
- 2 = moderate hazard
- 3 = severe hazard
- 4 = extreme hazard

Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: No unusual fire or explosion hazards are expected. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective clothing. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8). Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely.

See Section 9 for Flammable Properties including Flash Point and Flammable (Explosive) Limits

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons down wind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant

(see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information on hazards and precautionary measures.

Environmental Precautions: Stop and contain spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Absorb spill with inert material such as sand or vermiculite, and place in suitable container for disposal. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken. See Section 13 for information on appropriate disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits				
Chemical Name	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico	Phillips 66
Ammonium hydroxide	Ceiling: 2 mg/m ³	TWA-8hr: 2 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 2 mg/m ³	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	TWA-8hr: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm	TWA-8hr: 100 ppm TWA-8hr: 435 mg/m ³	TWA-8hr: 100 ppm (VLE-PPT) STEL: 150 ppm (PPT-CT) Carcinogen	TWA-8hr: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm Skin

State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

Biological occupational exposure limits			
Chemical Name	ACGIH	Mexican NOM-047-SSA1-2011	
		Methylhippuric acids in urine: 1.5 g/g creatinine (end of	
isomers)	shift)	work shift)	

State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

Engineering controls: If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be required.

Eye/Face Protection: The use of eye protection (such as splash goggles) that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 is recommended when there is potential liquid contact to the eye. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

Skin/Hand Protection: The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact. Users should check with manufacturers to confirm the breakthrough performance of their products. Suggested protective materials: Butyl rubber. Depending on exposure and use conditions, additional protection may be necessary to prevent skin contact including use of items such as chemical resistant boots, aprons, arm covers, hoods, coveralls, or encapsulated suits.

Respiratory Protection: Where there is potential for airborne exposure above the exposure limit a NIOSH certified air purifying

respirator equipped with ammonia/methylamine cartridges/canisters with R or P95 filters may be used.

A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Air purifying respirators provide limited protection and cannot be used in atmospheres that exceed the maximum use concentration (as directed by regulation or the manufacturer's instructions), in oxygen deficient (less than 19.5 percent oxygen) situations, or under conditions that are immediately dangerous to life and health (IDLH).

Other Protective Equipment: Eye wash and quick-drench shower facilities should be available in the work area. Thoroughly clean shoes and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Note: Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm). Data represent typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

Flash Point: > 392 °F / > 200 °C Appearance: clear; Blue Physical Form: Liquid **Test Method:** (estimate) Odor: Ammonia Initial Boiling Point/Range: No data Odor Threshold: No data Vapor Pressure: No data **pH:** 10.22 Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) (Kow): No data Vapor Density (air=1): >1 Melting/Freezing Point: No data Upper Explosive Limits (vol % in air): No data Auto-ignition Temperature: No data Lower Explosive Limits (vol % in air): No data Decomposition Temperature: No data Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): No data Specific Gravity (water=1): 0.990 g/cm³ @ 60°F (15.6°C) Particle Size: Not applicable Bulk Density: No data Percent Volatile: No data Viscosity: No data Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable Pour Point: No data Solubility in Water: Soluble VOC Content (%): 0.82

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Not chemically reactive.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated conditions of use.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions not anticipated.

Conditions to avoid: Extended exposure to high temperatures can cause decomposition. Avoid high temperatures and all sources of ignition. Prevent vapor accumulation.

Incompatible materials: strong acids, alkalies, oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition can produce oxides of carbon, nitrogen and sulfur.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Substance	/ Mixturo
Substance	/ wixture

Acute Toxicity	Hazard	Additional Information	LC50/LD50 Data
Inhalation	No information available		No data
Dermal	Unlikely to be harmful		> 2 g/kg (estimated)
Oral	Harmful if swallowed		0.98 g/kg; (estimated)

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, eye contact, skin contact

Aspiration Hazard: No information available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sensitization: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for skin sensitization (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Respiratory Sensitization: No information available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for target organ toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for target organ toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Carcinogenicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for carcinogenicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for germ cell mutagenicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Reproductive Toxicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for reproductive toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Information on Toxicological Effects of Components

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)

Reproductive Toxicity: Both mixed xylenes and the individual isomers produced limited evidence of developmental toxicity in laboratory animals. Inhalation and oral administration of xylene resulted in decreased fetal weight, increased incidences of delayed ossification, skeletal variations and resorptions, but no evidence of teratogenicity.

Target Organ(s): Rats exposed to xylenes at 800, 1000 or 1200 ppm 14 hours daily for 6 weeks demonstrated high frequency hearing loss. Another study in rats exposed to 1800 ppm 8 hours daily for 5 days demonstrated middle frequency hearing loss.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

GHS Classification:

H412 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 3

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

Persistence and Degradability: Substance is expected to possess low persistence in aquatic environments.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Not expected to bioaccumulate in the environment based on its physical properties.

Mobility in Soil: Due to its high water solubility, it will not adsorb to particulate matter or surfaces and is expected to have high mobility in soil and sediments.

Other adverse effects: None anticipated.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The generator of a waste is always responsible for making proper hazardous waste determinations and needs to consider state and local requirements in addition to federal regulations. This material, if discarded as produced, would not be a federally

regulated RCRA "listed" hazardous waste and is not believed to exhibit characteristics of hazardous waste. See Sections 7 and 8 for information on handling, storage and personal protection and Section 9 for physical/chemical properties. It is possible that the material as produced contains constituents which are not required to be listed in the SDS but could affect the hazardous waste determination. Additionally, use which results in chemical or physical change of this material could subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste. Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard.

EPA Waste Number(s)

D002 - Corrosivity characteristic

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN Number: Not regulated UN proper shipping name: None Transport hazard class(es): None Packing Group: None Environmental Hazard(s): This product does not meet the DOT/UN/IMDG/IMO criteria of a marine pollutant Special precautions for user: None Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds)

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372.

CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR 372:

Chemical Name	Concentration ¹	de minimis
Ammonium hydroxide	<10	1.0%
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	<1	1.0%

¹ All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds)

This material does not contain any chemicals with CERCLA Reportable Quantities.

California Proposition 65

This material does not contain any chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at concentrations that trigger the warning requirements of California Proposition 65.

International Inventories

All components are either listed on the US TSCA Inventory, or are not regulated under TSCA. All components are either on the DSL, or are exempt from DSL listing requirements.

SECTION 16: Other information

Issue date	Previous Issue Date:	SDS Number	Status:
09-Dec-2019	None	831839	FINAL

Revised Sections or Basis for Revision:

New SDS

Mexican NOM-018-STPS-2015:

The information within is considered correct but is not exhaustive and will be used for guidance only, which is based on the current

knowledge of the substance or mixture and is applicable to the appropriate safety precautions for the product.

Precautionary Statements:

- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P273 Avoid release to the environment
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P320 Specific treatment is urgent. See First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet
- P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
- P405 Store locked up
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Guide to Abbreviations:

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number; CEILING = Ceiling Limit (15 minutes); CERCLA = The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; GHS = Globally Harmonized System; HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; INSHT = National Institute for Health and Safety at Work; IOPC = International Oil Pollution Compensation; LEL = Lower Explosive Limit; NE = Not Established; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA); SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes); TLV = Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH); TWA = Time Weighted Average (8 hours); UEL = Upper Explosive Limit; WHMIS = Worker Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

Disclaimer of Expressed and implied Warranties:

The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Safety Data Sheet was prepared. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IS TO BE IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE, THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT, THE SAFETY OF THIS PRODUCT, OR THE HAZARDS RELATED TO ITS USE. No responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above, and the product, are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their particular purpose and on the condition that they assume the risk of their use. In addition, no authorization is given nor implied to practice any patented invention without a license.